

# DỰ ÁN PHÒNG CHỐNG NHỮNG THIỆT HẠI VỀ NHÀ Ở DO BÃO GÂY RA Ở MIỀN TRUNG VIỆT NAM

PRÉVENTION DES DOMMAGES CAUSÉS À L'HABITAT PAR LES CYCLONES, CENTRE VIET NAM





# COMMUNE DISASTER PREVENTION ACTION PLAN

Hai Quy (Quang Tri) Action Plan

Map of risk areas

Vulnerability matrix



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# THE PEOPLE'S COMMITTEE OF HAI QUY COMMUNE

### SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM

Independence - Freedom - Happiness

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No.: 30/BC-UBND Hai Quy, June 30, 2009

# LONG-TERM ACTION PLAN FOR DISASTER PREVENTION HAI QUY COMMUNE, HAI LANG, QUANG TRI

#### I. SOCIO-ECONOMY CONDITIONS:

# A. Summary:

# 1. General conditions:

Hai Quy, a commune in Hai Lang District – Quang Tri Province, places an important role about geography, strategy on economy – society – culture, and politics in the district. Local people love their country, expressed through the history of the country. Nowadays, in the peaceful time, Hai Quy Commune has contributed a lot, in term of human being, to the country

However, due to different conditions such as traffic, weather, drought, and flood, living conditions of local people remain limited, especially when most of local people live on agriculture.

# 2. Geographical location:

Hai Quy is located in the North plain of Hai Lang District (Quang Tri Province), 8kms far from the district centre. Hai Quy has 3 villages (Quy Thieu, Van Van, and Tram Ly). Commune centre is in Van Van Village. There are two commune-to-commune roads (Xuan-Quy-Vinh and Quy-Phu)

- East: border Hai Xuan Commune, Hai Lang District
- West: border Quang Tri Town
- South: border Hai Thuong Commune, Hai Phu
- North: border Trieu Trung Commune, Trieu Phong District

### Natural conditions:

- + Hai Quy is a plain commune, but one part is sand and lagoon; lower to the East; 2 big rivers in the Commune (Nhung River and Vinh Dinh River); streams to the rivers.
- + Two main kinds of soil: rich soil for trees/plants for food, perennials and white sand
- poor nutrition for forestry trees, sandflying-break trees, and some other vegetable.
- + Total natural land: 694.5 ha; of which:

Land for agriculture: 399.49 ha Land for forestry: 148.5 ha

Remaining 146.51 ha: non-agriculture land (142.52 ha), wild land (3.99 ha)

### • Weather conditions:

Weather in the Centre: hot, high humidity, sun bake, hot wind, flood, and typhoon...(2 different seasons). Details as below:

# + Rain quantity:

Average every year: 280-310mm

Highest/year: 350-370mm; some times up to 600mm, causing flooding

Lowest/year: 90-110mm

# + Temperature:

Average/year: 24-25°C Highest/year: 39-40°C Lowest/year: 10-12°C

### • + Population:

Living along basins of Rivers Vinh Dinh and Nhung, separated into 3 villages with 17 living areas. There are 1120 families and 5029 population totally in the whole commune.

No.	Village	Families	Population	Female	Note
				population	
1	Tram Ly	322	1372	613	4 living areas
2	Van Van	348	1676	860	5 living areas
3	Quy Thien	450	1981	1090	8 living areas
	Total	1120	5029	2563	17 living areas

#### • + Economic structure:

Agriculture – Forestry – Fishery: 50% (945 families; 1315 population) Industry – small scale Industry – Construction: 26% (105 families; 255 population) Services: 24% (70 families; 429 population)

- + Average income: 6.8 million dongs/capital/year
- + **Poor families:** 291 (26%); of which, 90 families in Tram Ly Village, 104 families in Van Van Village, and 97 families in Quy Thien Village
- **Housing:** 1012 houses; of which, 164 solid houses, 791 semi-solid houses, 57 temporary houses

#### **B.** Infrastructure:

- **Electricity system:** electricity basically in the whole commune, managed by Electricity Supplier (from electricity transformer station and up); local authority manages 3.49kms of electricity wire of 0.4kv (10m closest distance connected to the main electricity system; 99.5% families in commune have electricity).
- **Traffic system:** 21.5kms of road for car; of which, 6.5kms of commune-to-commune roads (road of Bazan soil), 15kms (8.5kms concreted) of village-to-village and hamlet-to-hamlet roads; closest distance to main road (National road/Province-to-province road/district-to-district road) is 3.5kms.

Transport means for evacuation: 1,355 bicycles, 679 motorbikes, 5 boats, 2 trucks.

- **School:** 3 schools. The high storey school locating in the centre consists of 16 classrooms: a place to evacuate people there in case of disaster. There are 20 classrooms, separated, in several places, vulnerable.
- Dispensary: 1 dispensary match national standard; however due to the lack of equipment, healthcare work remain limited, especially in case of disaster.
- Fresh water: 81% of families in the whole commune have hygienic water (drill well water); 35% of families have septic tank and semi-septic tank.
- The Commune is building a freshwater supplier for 2 hamlets (Ba Duong hamlet in Van Van Village and Boat hamlet in Quy Thien Village), for more than 160 families.

# C. Disaster situation:

# 1. Vulnerability and impact assessment:

• Main disasters: flood, typhoon, drought, whirlwind, riverbank erosion, lightening, flashflood, fire (forest), etc.

Most affected: low areas, areas close to riverbank and those far from the centre (hamlets Lang, Duoi in Tram Ly, zones Hoi, Qua Lo, Ba Duong in Van Van, hamlets Nam in Quy Thien).

• Impact of disaster during the past 10 years:

Year	Type of Disaster	Death	Injured	House destroyed	House damaged	Total estimated	Agricultur affected (%	
				destroyed	damaged	damage	affected (7	0)
						(VND)		
Before	Flood, typhoon	4	24	621	879	4.3 billion		100
1999								
1999	Flood	2	13	15	56	3.4 billion	508 ha	100
2000	Flood	0	0	0	15	1.5 billion	330 ha	70
2001	Flood	0	3	0	0	1.5 billion	320 ha	70
2002	Flood	0	9	0	4	1.5 billion	309 ha	70
2003	Flood, typhoon	0	7	0	6	1.8 billion	330 ha	80
2004	Flood, typhoon	0	6	0	0	1.3 billion	320 ha	75
2005	Flood, drought	0	2	0	0	1.4 billion	315 ha	88
2006	Flood, typhoon	0	0	0	0	1.5 billion	305 ha	75
2007	Flood, drought	0	0	0	0	1.9 billion	408 ha	100
2008	Lightening, cold	0	0	0	0	1 billion	260 ha	70
	snap							
Total	_	6	64	636	960	16.8 billion	3405 ha	87.8

### II. VULNERABILITY CAUSED BY DISASTER:

Due to the natural conditions, the Commune annually is hit by typhoon, flood, and lightening which cause serious damages to life and asset, especially affect water resources from Nhung River and Thanh Han River (overflow to irrigation system). The impact is more serious when the income of population remains poor.

- 1. Temporary houses: There are 57 temporary houses in the whole commune need to be recovered before typhoon season (30 in Van Van, 20 in Quy Thien, and 7 in Tram Ly). People often live in the areas of Rivers Nhung and Vinh Dinh. This causes serious damage to them also (bank erodes...)
- 2. Lightening areas: damage to life annually in Van Van (sand area), both in living areas and cultivation areas.

## 3. Other vulnerable issues:

- Lack of and weak in infrastructure. Some degraded public buildings such as schools, cultural houses cannot be a safe shelter during disaster.
- Low traffic systems: difficult to travel during raining and flooding.
- Underdeveloped inner roads, irrigation and drainage systems: not match current need.
- Lack of equipment for rescuing such as boat, communication system
- Ineffective warning system
- Awareness of people about disaster remains low
- Non-dredged rivers: affect water flow and environment
- Some parts of river bank often be eroded: affect living area and cultivation.

### III.LONG-TERM PLAN FOR VULNERABILITY RECOVERY:

Disaster Prevention Committee of the Commune makes the plan basing on the vulnerability and climate change. Priority will be given to high risk issues, easy to do, not much budget and then other issues

#### 1. Conditions/situation need to be recovered:

1.1. **Animation work:** animation work need to be maintained to improve awareness of people on prevention mainly, especially before disaster season.

# 1.2. Four at spot:

- Direction at spot
- Force at spot
- Material and means at spot
- Logistics at spot

# 1.3. Evacuation plan:

Annually, Commune organizes and mobilizes families who live in low areas to move to sand area or to take part into "new economic work" in Huong Hoa District.

### 1.4. Build solid house:

Mobilize people and invest in construction to build solid public facilities and houses for safe shelters in case of flooding and typhoon; support to erase temporary houses.

# 1.5. Organize and equip for rescuing teams:

Commune and villages establish rescuing teams for in time rescue; equip, step by step, rescuing boats, lifebuoy, communication means, etc...

# 2. Implementation method:

- Temporary house eradication: Try to erase 5 10 houses annually with the budget from families, community, projects, and donors.
- Build a solid cultural house in each living area with the budget from Government, contribution from community, projects, and donors. Time to do: in the year of receiving and following years; priority: vulnerable living areas.
- Build and improve some part of the dyke, village-to-village roads, hamlet-to-hamlet roads as access to disaster prevention constructions; study to build lightening-rod in living area in Van Van (sand area), with the contribution from community and donors. Implementation time: following socio-economic development plan of the Commune annually and long-term.
- Organize and maintain activities of Disaster Prevention Committee and rescuing teams of Commune and village.
- Strengthen animation work to improve Laws for people.

# IV. PLAN IN 2009-2010:

Na	A	Time Quantity Place				In charge Force			
No.	Activity	Start Finish		Quantity	Place	In charge	Force		
1	Strengthen DPC	1/6	30/6	25 people	Commune	Chairman			
2	Implement Disaster Prevention (DP)	1/7	15/7	47 people	Commune				
3	Animation about DP	15/7	15/12	4 times/month	Commune Centre, Co- operative	Information bureau			
4	Meeting with people	16/7	30/7	3 villages	Co-operative	Village leader, DPC			
5	Strengthen rescuing team	17/7	20/7	20 people	Commune	Vice-Chairman			
6	Prepare for means	15/7	30/7	10 boats	Commune, village	Vice-Chairman, village leader			
7	Survey families could be evacuated	1/8	5/8	3 villages	Village	Village leader			
8	Prepare for evacuation place	6/8	15/8	13 places	School, houses, sand area	Vice-Chairman			
9	Store food	15/8	15/9	1.7 tons of rice; food for 7 days at family	Commune, house	Vice-Chairman, Co-operative			
10	Give direction for harvest	1/9	8/9	220 ha	Co-operative	Vice-Chairman, Co-operative			
11	Housing: - Temporary house eradication - Reinforcement	1/7	30/9	5	Villages	Vice-Chairman, Chairman of Father Frontier			
12	Public work	1/6	1/10	1	Quy Thien Village	Vice-Chairman, Construction Cadre, village leader			
13	Traffic road	15/6	15/9	3 km	Villages	Vice-Chairman, Construction Cadre, village leader			
14	Check DP work at village level	10/9	29/9	3 villages	Village, school, dispensary, house	DPC			

# Recipients:

- DPC of District;

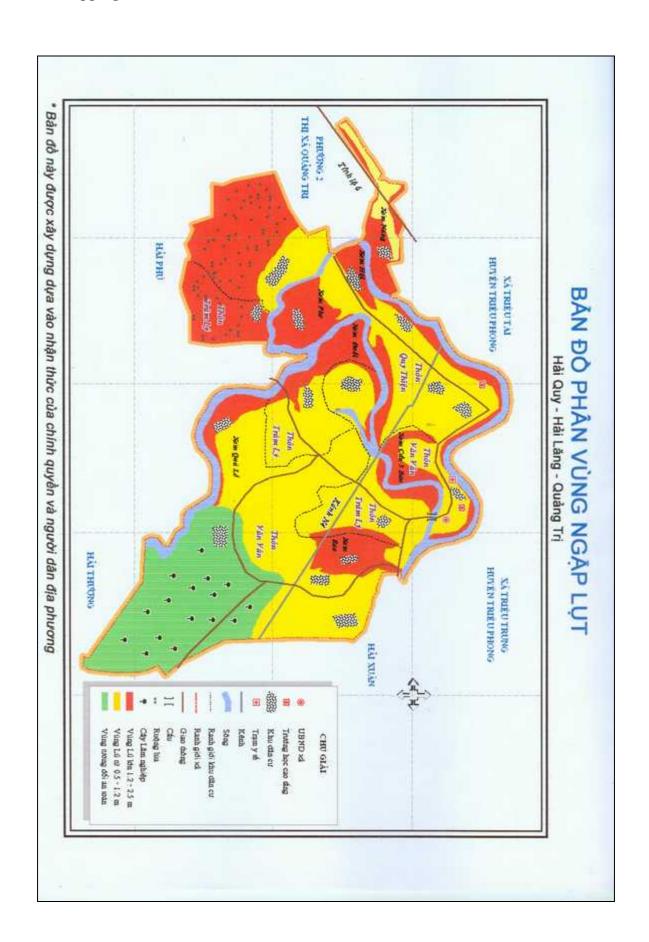
DWF;DPC of Commune;

- Archives.

FOR THE PEOPLE'S COMMITTEE OF COMMUNE

Chairman LE VAN LAT (Signed and stamped)

# Flood risk mapping



# **Vulnerability matrix**

Nguy cơ thiên tai Risk for Disaster				người nn being			Co	y sở hạ Collective	tầng công e infrastrud	cộng cture			Cơ sở hạ tầng kinh tế Economic infrastructure				Công trình công cộng Public facilities		Nhà ở Housing			
		m Æ	lớn ť	già Id	でなる	ông J	iợi on	s.		Mạng lưới <i>Network</i> s		hiệp <i>ur</i> e	Nuôi trồ sả Aquac	in	ĝ. g	S S	n cố olid	tầng) oreys)	oợ rary	n cô olid	§0	Khác Others
		Trẻ em Chitiren	Người lớn Adult	Người già The old	Người khyếtật Disable	Giao thông Road	Thủy lợi Irrigation	Bờ sông Banks	Nuócsach Freshwater	Điện Electricity	Điệnthoại Telephone	Nông nghiệp A <i>gricultur</i> e	Nuôi trồng Breeding	Đám bắt Fishing	Ohàn nuối Breeding	Khác Others	Bán kiên cố Semi-solid	Kiên cố (2 tầng) Solid (2 storeys)	Tạm bợ Temporary	Bán kiên cố Semi-solid	Kiêncố Solid	
Bão lớn (bão năm 1985) Cyclone (like1985)		5	3	5	4	3	2	3	3	5	4	5	5	2	4	1	4	2	5	4	3	2
	Bão hàng năm Annual storm		2	4	4	2	2	3	3	5	4	5	3	3	2	2	3	1	5	3	1	1
	<1m	4	1	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	5	4	3	2	1	2	1	4	2	1	1
Lut	1<2m	5	2	4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	5	4	3	3	2	2	2	4	3	1	1
Flooding	>2m	5	3	4	4	5	4	3	5	4	4	5	4	4	4	2	3	1	5	2	1	1
Lũ quét Flash flood	Lũ quét Flash flooding		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hạn hán Drought		4	1	2	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	4	4	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cháy <i>Fir</i> e		4	0	3	3																	
Dịch bệnh Eepidemic diseases		5	2	4	3							4	4	0	4							
Khác Others		4	2	5	4							4	3	0	4							